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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/589,747	06/09/2000	Neil Gilbert Siegel	199.38513X00	1612

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EXAMINER

BACKER, FIRMIN

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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3621

DATE MAILED: 08/26/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/589,747

Applicant(s)

SIEGEL ET AL.

Examiner

Firmin Backer

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 April 2003.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-41 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-41 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ 6) ☐ Other: _____

Response to Request for Reconsideration

This is in response to a request for reconsideration file May 19th, 2003. Claims 1-41 are being reconsidered in this action.

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-41 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kung (U.S. Patent No. 5,421,594) in view of IEEE Computer society (Proceeding Supercomputing '89).

4. As per claim 1, Kung teaches a method of administering access and security (*apparatus and method of authenticating user*) on a network (*networked*) having a plurality of computers (*distributed computing system*) (*see abstract, fig 1 and 2*), comprising a password entered by a user (*user enter appropriate ID and password*) when the user logs into a computer of the

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plurality of computers on the network, (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*) checking (*comparing*) for a match between the user identification (*user, ID*) and encrypted password (*password*) entered by the user and the plurality of user identifications and encrypted passwords stored in the encrypted password file (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 38-53, 6 lines 18-50*), enabling access (*access granted*) to data and software (*software program, 32*) contained on the computer and the network permitted by the associated privileges for the user when a match is found on the encrypted password file (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 54-6 line 38*), and filtering and displaying messages (*message is sent to user's workstation, 11*) to the user permitted by the associated privileges when a match is found on the encrypted password file (*see column 4 line 60-5 line 18*). Kung fails to teach and inventive concept that includes a one-way encrypted password file on each computer of the plurality of computers in the network, wherein the encrypted password file includes a plurality of user identifications, associated encrypted passwords and associated privileges for each authorized user allowed access to the plurality of computers and the network. However, in the IEEE, and inventive concept that include installing a one-way encrypted password file on each computer of the plurality of computers in the network, wherein the encrypted password file includes a plurality of user identifications, associated encrypted passwords and associated privileges for each authorized user allowed access to the plurality of computers and the network (*see page 694-696*). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Kung's inventive concept that include installing an encrypted password file on each computer of the plurality of computers in the network, wherein the encrypted password file includes a plurality of user identifications, associated encrypted passwords and associated privileges for each authorized user allowed

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access to the plurality of computers and the network because this would have reduced the period of time that the identification information is exposed during the identification function thereby resulting in better security.

5. As per claim 2, Kung teaches a method wherein the associated privileges contained in the encrypted password file indicate the security level and access privileges of the user identification for access to software, data and messages contained in the computer, the network, and transmitted over the network (*see column 4 line 60-5 line 18*).

6. As per claim 3, Kung teaches a method wherein when one or more attempts of the user entering a user identification and encrypted password have failed to match the plurality of user identifications and encrypted passwords contained in the encrypted password file, the method further comprising: transmitting to a systems administrator or security officer by the computer a notification of the failure to provide a encrypted user identification and password that matches a user identification and encrypted password stored on the encrypted password file (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*).

7. As per claim 4, Kung teaches a method further comprising locking, upon request by the systems administrator or security officer, the computer being accessed by the user having at least one failed attempt at entering a user identification and encrypted password so as to permit only access to a login screen by the user (*see abstract, fig 4, column 2 lines 12-46*).

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8. As per claim 5, Kung teaches a method further comprising spoofing, upon request by the systems administrator or security officer, the user into believing that the access has been gained to the computer, wherein spoofing includes the presentation of false messages and information to the user (*see column 4 line 60-5 line 18*).

9. As per claim 6, Kung teaches a method further comprising disabling, upon request by the systems administrator or security officer, the computer system so that the user cannot access the computer system (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 54-6 line 38*).

10. As per claim 7, Kung teaches a method further comprising deleting, upon request by the systems administrator or security officer, a plurality of files stored in the computer system (*see abstract, fig 4, column 2 lines 12-46*).

11. As per claim 8, Kung teaches a method further comprising displaying to a screen on the computer system a request for re-authentication at the direction of a system administrator or a security officer (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*).

12. As per claims 9, Kung teaches a method wherein the request for re-authentication comprises displaying a login screen having a position for entry of the user identification and password (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 54-6 line 38*).

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13. As per claims 10, Kung teaches a method wherein the user identification is a role or title indicative of a level of authority of the user (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*).

14. As per claims 11, Kung teaches a method further comprising accessing a master password file on a computer system accessible by the systems administrator or security officer; encrypting the password; and searching the master password file for a match of the user identification and encrypted password (*see abstract, fig 4, column 2 lines 12-46*).

15. As per claims 12, Kung teaches a method further comprising disabling the computer system, or spoofing the user, or locking the computer system when a match is not found for the user identification and encrypted password in the master password file (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 38-53, 6 lines 18-50*).

16. As per claims 13, Kung teaches a method wherein after the user has entered the user identification and encrypted password and the user identification and password has matched that found in the encrypted password file, further comprising entering a new password by the user, re-authenticating the user identification and password stored on the master password file, encrypting the new password; and replacing the user identification and password with the encrypted user identification and the new encrypted password in the master password file (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 38-53, 6 lines 18-50*).

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17. As per claims 14, Kung teaches a method further comprising: attaching the master password file to a message, encrypting the message using a private key and passphrase available only to the systems administrator or security officer; and transmitting the message to the plurality of computers (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 38-53, 6 lines 18-50*).

18. As per claims 15, Kung teaches a method further comprising decrypting the message using a public key corresponding to the private key; reporting to the system administrator or security officer a failure to decrypt the message; and replacing the encrypted password file with the decrypted master password file (*see column 4 line 60-5 line 18*).

19. As per claims 16, Kung teaches a method further comprising detecting an anomalous event in a computer of the plurality of computers; and reporting the anomalous event to a system administrator or security officer (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*).

20. As per claims 17, Kung teaches a method wherein the anomalous event comprise: the user has exceeded the number of allowable unsuccessful login attempt; a change in the users associated privileges has occurred, a system disable operation was initiated by the user; a user's password has expired, a message was rejected due to an invalid digital signature, a request for remote user re-authentication has been received by the system administrator or security officer, a request for a remote user logout has been received by the system administrator or security officer; and a request for remote loading passwords has completed successfully on the system administrator or security officer (*see abstract, fig 4, column 2 lines 12-46*).

21. As per claims 18, Kung teaches a method further comprising deleting a plurality of files on the computer and disabling the computer in response to an anomalous event when requested by the system administrator or security officer or when an immediate shutdown is requested by the user (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 38-53, 6 lines 18-50*).

22. As per claims 19, Kung teaches a method further comprising disabling the computer system, or spoofing the user, or locking the computer system when an anomalous event occurs (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 54-6 line 38*).

23. As per claims 20 and 31, Kung teaches a system to administer access and security (*apparatus and method of authenticating user*) on a network (*networked*) having plurality of computers (*distributed computing system*) (*see abstract, fig 1 and 2*), comprising a user login module to receive a user identification or role and password from a user and login the user when a match is found in the encrypted password file(*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*); and a channel monitoring and filtering module to monitor and receive broadcast c multicast messages within the network and display the message to the user when the user's associated privileges permit the viewing of the message (*see column 4 line60-5 line 18*). Kung fails to teach and inventive concept that includes a one-way encrypted password file on each computer of the plurality of computers in the network, wherein the encrypted password file includes a plurality of user identifications, associated encrypted passwords and associated privileges for each authorized user allowed access to the plurality of computers and the network. However, in the

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IEEE, and inventive concept that include installing a one-way encrypted password file on each computer of the plurality of computers in the network, wherein the encrypted password file includes a plurality of user identifications, associated encrypted passwords and associated privileges for each authorized user allowed access to the plurality of computers and the network (*see page 694-696*). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Kung's inventive concept that include installing an encrypted password file on each computer of the plurality of computers in the network, wherein the encrypted password file includes a plurality of user identifications, associated encrypted passwords and associated privileges for each authorized user allowed access to the plurality of computers and the network because this would have reduced the period of time that the identification information is exposed during the identification function thereby resulting in better security.

24. As per claims 21 and 32, Kung teaches a system further comprising a password management module to update and insure that all the computers in the network contain the same encrypted password file (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*).

25. As per claims 22 and 33, Kung teaches a system further comprising a remote auditing module to monitor and process anomalous events which may occur on the computer (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 54-6 line 38*).

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26. As per claims 23 and 34, Kung teaches a system wherein the anomalous events comprise: the user has exceeded the number of allowable unsuccessful login attempts; a change in the users associated privileges has occurred, a system disable operation was initiated by the user; a user's password has expired, a message was rejected due to an invalid digital signature, a request for remote user re-authentication has been received by the systems administrator or security officer, a request for a remote user lockout has been received by the system administrator or security officer; and a request for remote loading passwords has completed successfully on the system administrator or security officer (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*).

27. As per claims 24 and 35, Kung teaches a system further comprises a remote control module to enable a systems administrator or security officer to take appropriate action when an event transpires, wherein the event is an anomalous event (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*).

28. As per claims 25 and 36, Kung teaches a system wherein the appropriate action comprises disabling, upon request by the systems administrator or security officer, the computer system so that the user cannot access the computer system; and deleting, upon request by a systems administrator or security officer, a plurality of files stored in the computer (*see abstract, fig 4, column 2 lines 12-46*).

29. As per claims 26 and 37, Kung teaches a system wherein the appropriate action comprises spoofing, upon request by a systems administrator or security officer, the user into

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believing that the access has been gained to the computer, wherein spoofing includes the presentation of false messages and information to the user (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 38-53, 6 lines 18-50*).

30. As per claims 27 and 38, Kung teaches a system wherein the appropriate action comprises: locking the computer, upon request of a systems administrator or security officer, and displaying a login screen for the user to re-authenticate the user identification and password (*see fig 2,3 column 4 lines 30-48*).

31. As per claims 28 and 39, Kung teaches a system further comprising an authentication module to re-authenticate the user after the user login module has found a match in the encrypted password contained in the computer by checking the user identification and password against a master password file stored in a computer accessible by a systems administrator or security officer (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 38-53, 6 lines 18-50*).

32. As per claims 29 and 40, Kung teaches a system wherein the password management module attaches a master password file containing a complete user identifications, associated encrypted passwords and associated privileges to a message, encrypts the message using a private key and pass phrase for the system administrator or security officer and broadcasts the message to all users (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 54-6 line 38*).

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33. As per claims 30 and 41, Kung teaches a system wherein the password management module decrypts the message using a public key associated with the private key, replaces the encrypted password file when decryption of the message is successful and reports a failure to the system administrator or security officer when the decryption is not successful (*see fig 4, column 5 lines 38-53, 6 lines 18-50*).

Conclusion

34. Applicant's submission of an information disclosure statement under 37 CFR 1.97(c) with the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(p) on May 12th, 20003 prompted the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 609(B)(2)(i). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

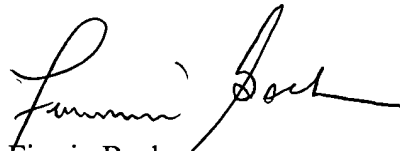
35. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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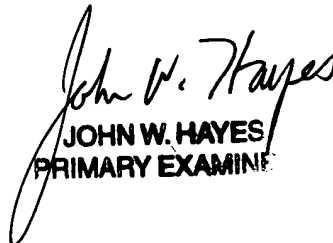
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Firmin Backer whose telephone number is (703) 305-0624. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu 8:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Trammel can be reached on (703) 305-9768. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-7687 for regular communications and (703) 305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.



Firmin Backer
July 27, 2003



JOHN W. HAYES
PRIMARY EXAMINEE